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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/990,215 11/21/2001		Teunis Willem Tukker	NL000628	3533
24737 7	590 10/07/2003	EXAMINER		
	ELLECTUAL PROPER	LYONS, MICHAEL A		
P.O. BOX 3001 BRIARCLIFF MANOR, NY 10510			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2877	

DATE MAILED: 10/07/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Office Action Summary		09/990,2	15	TUKKER, TEUNIS WILLEM				
		Examine	r	Art Unit				
		Michael A		2877	1-1			
Period for F	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status								
1)⊠ F	Responsive to communication(s) fil	ed on <u>07 <i>July</i> 2003</u> .						
,		2b)☐ This action is						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims								
•	aim(s) 1-11,13 and 14 is/are pen	ding in the applicatio	n.					
) Of the above claim(s) is/a							
	aim(s) is/are allowed.							
•	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11,13 and 14</u> is/are rejected.							
-	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Application								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>21 November 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.								
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12)□ Th	e oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner.						
	der 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		`					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:								
	□ Certified copies of the priority							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice	, of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (ntion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)	PTO-948) Paper No(s)	4) Interview Summa 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	ary (PTO-413) Paper N al Patent Application (F	lo(s) PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

A broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is considered indefinite, since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. Note the explanation given by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences in *Ex parte Wu*, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "such as" and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of *Ex parte Steigewald*, 131 USPQ 74 (Bd. App. 1961); *Ex parte Hall*, 83 USPQ 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and *Ex parte Hasche*, 86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claim 13 recites the broad recitation one or more moving surfaces, and the claim also recites a rotating surface of a wafer, which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation. In addition, the claim recites at least one reference beam and at least one measuring beam, and then also recites the reference beam and the measuring beam.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-2, 4-10, and 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Pressesky (5,898,499).

Regarding claim 1, Pressesky (Fig. 1, 3) discloses interferometer 42 that inspects surface 18 that rotates on vertical spindle 20, the interferometer containing light source 46, a beam splitter 52 that splits the light into reference beam 54 that then strikes photosensor 60, while object beam 34 strikes surface 18, is affected by any defects or anomalies on the surface, then returns to the interferometer to be superimposed with the reference beam and detected at photosensor 60. The signals from photosensor 60 are then transferred to computer 76 to perform the necessary evaluations. Object beam 34 will undergo a frequency shift based on its reflection off of the rotating surface.

Regarding claim 13, the device of Pressesky discloses all of the elements of the claimed invention; therefore, the claimed method can be applied to the device of Pressesky to achieve the desired results of the claimed invention.

As for claims 2 and 8, Pressesky discloses photosensor 60.

As for claim 4, the reference beam 54 and the measurement beam 34 are superimposed upon reaching photosensor 60.

As for claims 5-7, 10, and 14, Pressesky discloses computer 76 for determination of the frequency shift of the light generated by the rotation of surface 18, and thereby determining the velocity and location of the object from known Doppler equations.

As for claim 9, surface 18 rotates about vertical spindle 20.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pressesky (5,898,499) in view of Tsuji et al (5,861,952).

As for claim 3, while Pressesky fails to disclose a second photosensor for detecting a sole reference beam, Tsuji (Fig. 1) discloses a beam splitter 13 that splits a reference beam to detector 24. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add the additional beam splitter and detector to the device of Pressesky as per Tsuji to facilitate the detection of the reference beam on its own.

Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pressesky (5,898,499) in view of Maris (6,317,216).

As to claims 9 and 11, Pressesky's device only discloses rotational motion for the surface. Maris (Fig. 1), however, discloses both translational and rotational motion for a surface under test. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time

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the invention was made to not only rotate but also translate the surface of Pressesky as per Maris to facilitate further examination of the wafer under test.

With regards to all of the claims (rejected under either 102 or 103), it has been held that the recitation that an element is "capable of" (can be) performing a function is not a positive limitation but only requires the ability to so perform. It does not constitute a limitation in any patentable sense. *In re Hutchinson*, 69 USPQ 138.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-14 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection as found necessary due to the amended nature of the claims submitted in Amendment B in response to the first Office Action.

Additionally, the applicant argues that the evaluation unit of Sawatari fails to determine the velocity of a defect on the surface. This argument also holds for the Pressesky computer. The computer, however, is able to determine the velocity of a defect on the surface, and therefore its position, even if not explicitly stated in the disclosure. Because the device does detect the frequency shift of the light reflected off the surface, and the change in frequency from the originally emitted light to the reflected light can be determined, the velocity, and therefore position, of the surface defects can be easily determined through Doppler shift equations and theory.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael A. Lyons whose telephone number is 703-305-1933.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Frank G Font can be reached on 703-308-4877. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0935.

MAL September 17, 2003

> Samuel A. Turner Primary Examiner